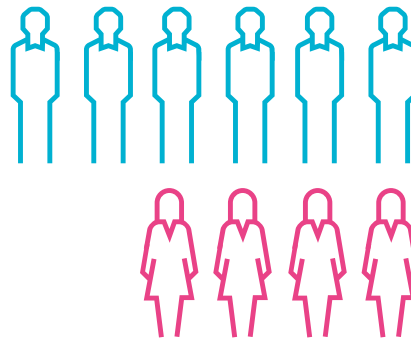
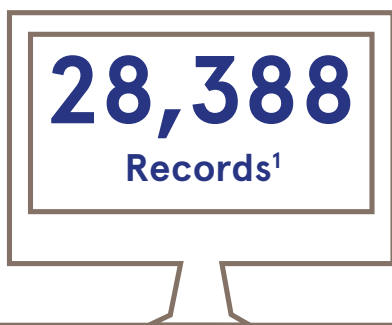


National Intellectual Disability Database Statistics 2017

The Demographics



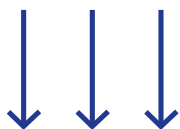
59%
male

41%
female

Life expectancy for adults with moderate/severe/profound intellectual disability has improved with

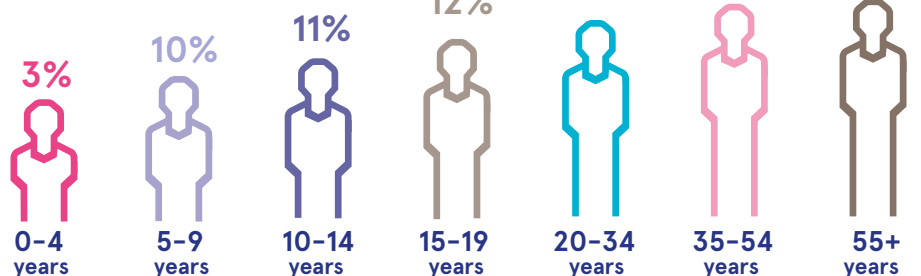
49%

aged 35 years or older in 2017. This has implications for service planning.

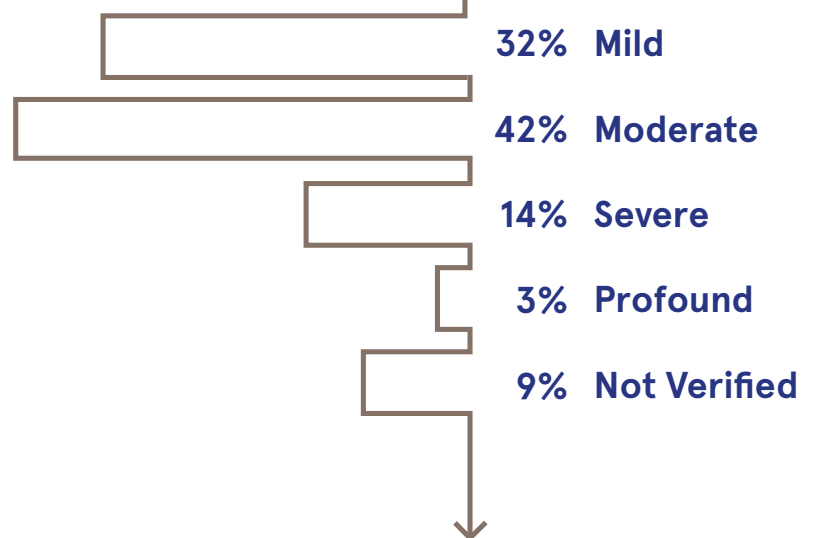


Increased demand for full-time residential services as fewer places are becoming free over time.

¹ Consent is obtained prior to the registration of individuals on the database. Participation is voluntary so is not intended to act as an epidemiological tool.



Level of intellectual disability



Age groups

Services provided to people with intellectual disabilities

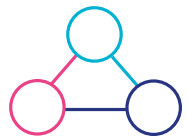
The majority of adults live with their families. As caregivers age, a wide range of additional services are required for people who wish to continue to live as independently as possible.



7,530
people were in receipt of full-time residential services



27,902
people availed of at least one day programme



23,583
people availed of one or more multidisciplinary support



4,104
people received respite nights



139
people were residing in psychiatric hospitals. A decrease of 6% compared to 2016

Services required by people with intellectual disabilities

4,729

new residential, day and/or residential support places will be needed in the period 2018-2022.

10,418

people currently receiving services require alternative, additional, or enhanced services in the period 2018-2022.



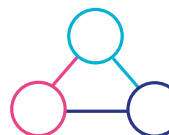
2,179
new full-time residential placements are required

2,267
people require changes or enhancements to their residential service



185
people require new day programmes

8,883
day places require changes or enhancements



19,589
people require new or enhanced multidisciplinary supports



2,365
new residential support services are required

1,461
people require changes or enhancements to their residential support service